

Dr. (H) - Math  
 Paper - 1st yr  
 Ex-8

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \log \{ 1 + 2 \cos x \} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\cos x \cos x - \frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x \cos 2x + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x \cos 3x \text{ --- } \alpha$$

$$\cos x \sin x - \frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x \sin 2x + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x \sin 3x \text{ ---}$$

$$\text{let } C = \cos x \cos x - \frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x \cos 2x + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x \cos 3x \text{ ---}$$

$$S = \cos x \sin x - \frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x \sin 2x + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x \sin 3x \text{ ---}$$

$$\therefore C + iS = (\cos x) (\cos x + i \sin x) - \frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x (\cos 2x + i \sin 2x) + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x (\cos 3x + i \sin 3x) \text{ ---}$$

$$= \cos x e^{ix} - \frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x e^{i2x} + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x e^{i3x} \text{ ---}$$

$$\text{let } x = \cos x \cdot e^{ix}$$

$$\therefore C + iS = x - \frac{1}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{ ---}$$

$$= \log(4x) = \log(1 + \cos x \cdot e^{ix})$$

$$= \log \{ 1 + \cos x (\cos x + i \sin x) \}$$

$$= \log \{ 1 + \cos^2 x + i \sin x \cos x \}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \{ (1 + \cos^2 x)^2 + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \}$$

$$+ i \tan^{-1} \frac{\sin x \cos x}{1 + \cos^2 x}$$

$$\therefore c + is = \frac{1}{2} \log \left\{ 1 + 2\cos^2 \alpha + \tan^2 \alpha + (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \tan^2 \alpha \right\} + i \tan \alpha \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha}$$

Equating

$$c = \frac{1}{2} \log (1 + 3 \cos^2 \alpha) \quad \text{Ans}$$

$$s = \tan \alpha \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} \quad \text{Ans}$$

1. (iv) ऊपर की तरह होगा।

1. (v) 1. (vi) की तरह होगा।

1. (vii) 1. (viii) की तरह होगा।

1. (ix) 1. (x) की तरह होगा।

$$\log (x + iy) = \frac{1}{2} \log (x^2 + y^2) + i \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$$

$$1. (iii) \quad c = \cos \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \cos \frac{3\pi}{3} + \dots$$

$$s = \sin \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \sin \frac{3\pi}{3} + \dots$$

$$c + is = \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \right) + \dots$$

$$= e^{i\pi/3} + \frac{1}{2} e^{i2\pi/3} + \frac{1}{3} e^{i3\pi/3} + \dots$$

$$\text{let } e^{i\pi/3} = u$$

$$\therefore c + is = u + \frac{1}{2} u^2 + \frac{1}{3} u^3 + \dots$$

$$= -\log (1 - u) = -\log \left\{ 1 - e^{i\pi/3} \right\}$$

$$= -\log \left\{ 1 - \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right) \right\}$$

$$= -\log \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} - i \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right\} \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \cos \frac{\pi}{3} = \cos 60^\circ = \frac{1}{2} \\ \sin \frac{\pi}{3} = \sin 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

$$= -\log \left( \frac{1}{2} - i \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$$

$$= - \left[ \frac{1}{2} \log \left\{ \left( \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \right) - i \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2}} \right\} \right]$$

$$= - \left[ \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{1} - i \tan^{-1} 3 \right]$$

$$z = \frac{1}{2} \ln 1 + i \tan^{-1} \sqrt{3} = 0 + i \frac{\pi}{3}$$
$$\therefore c = 0, s = \frac{\pi}{3}$$